## **SECTION 02252**

# **CEMENT STABILIZED SAND**

## PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Cement stabilized sand for backfill and bedding.

## 1.02 UNIT PRICES

- A. No payment will be made for cement stabilized sand under this Section unless an extra unit price item is included in the Bid Proposal and the application of the pay item is approved by the Owner's Representative. Include payment for cement stabilized sand in unit price for applicable bid items.
- B. If use of cement stabilized sand is allowed based on the Owner's Representative's direction the extra unit price item will be paid on a per ton basis. A conversion between volume calculated based on theoretical limits and total weight will be made based on a ratio of 1.64 tons per cubic yard.

# 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall conform to requirements of all sections and provisions of these specifications.
- B. Submit material qualification and mix design tests to include:
  - 1. Three series of tests of sand or fine aggregate material from the proposed source. Tests shall include procedures defined in Paragraph 2.01.
  - 2. Three moisture-density relationship tests prepared using the material qualified by the tests of Paragraph 1.03B.1. Blends of fine aggregate from crushed concrete and bank run sand shall be tested at the ratio to be used for the mix design testing.
  - 3. Mix design report to meet the design requirements of Paragraph 1.04. The mix design shall include compressive strength tests after 48-hours and 7 days curing.
- C. Submit stamped load tickets with time of loading directly after mixing.

# 1.04 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

A. Design sand-cement mixture to produce a minimum unconfined compressive strength of 100 pounds per square inch in 48 hours when compacted to 95 percent in accordance with ASTM D558 and when cured in accordance with ASTM D1632, and tested in accordance with ASTM D1633. Mix for general use shall contain a minimum of 1-1/2 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Mix for use as sanitary sewer embedment within 9 feet of waterlines shall contain 2 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Compact mix with a moisture content on the dry side of optimum.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Cement: Type 1 Portland cement conforming to ASTM C150.
- B. Sand: Clean, durable sand meeting grading requirements for fine aggregates of ASTM C33, or requirements for Bank Run Sand of Section 02229 Utility Backfill Materials, and the following requirements:
  - 1. Classified as SW, SP or SM by the United Soil Classification System of ASTM D2487.
  - 2. Deleterious materials:
    - a. Clay lumps, ASTM C142; less than 0.5 percent.
    - b. Lightweight pieces, ASTM C123; less than 5.0 percent.
    - c. Organic impurities, ASTM C40; color no darker than the standard color.
  - 3. Plasticity index of 4 or less when tested in accordance with ASTM D4318.
- C. Fine aggregate manufactured from crushed concrete meeting the quality requirements for crushed rock material of Section 02229 - Utility Backfill Materials, may be used as a complete or partial substitute for bank run sand. The blending ratio of fine aggregate from crushed concrete and bank run sand shall be defined in the mix design report.
- D. Water: Potable water, free of oils, acids, alkalis, organic matter or other deleterious substances, meeting requirements of ASTM C94.

# 2.02 MIXING MATERIALS

A. Thoroughly mix sand, cement and water in proportions of the mix design using a pugmill-type mixer. The plant shall be equipped with automatic weight controls to ensure correct mix proportions.

- B. Stamp batch ticket at plant with time of loading directly after mixing. Material not placed and compacted within 4 hours after mixing shall be rejected.
- C. No hand mixing is allowed on site.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.01 PLACING

- A. Place sand-cement mixture in 8-inch-thick loose lifts and compact to 95 percent of ASTM D558, unless otherwise specified. The moisture content during compaction shall be on the dry side of optimum but sufficient for hydration. Perform and complete compaction of sand-cement mixture within 4 hours after addition of water to mix at the plant.
- B. Do not place or compact sand-cement mixture in standing or free water.

# 3.02 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing will be performed under provisions of Section 01410 Testing Laboratory Services.
- B. One sample of cement stabilized sand shall be obtained for each 150 tons of material placed per day with no less than one sample per day of production. Random samples of delivered cement stabilized sand shall be taken in the field at point of delivery in accordance with ASTM 3665. Obtain three individual samples of approximately 12 to 15 lb each from the first, middle, and last third of the truck and composite them into one sample for test purpose.
- C. Prepare and mold four specimens (for each sample obtained) in accordance with ASTM D 558, Method A, without adjusting moisture content. Samples will be molded at approximately same time material is being used, but no later than 4 hours after water is added to mix.
- D. After molding, specimens will be removed from molds and cured in accordance with ASTM D 1632.
- E. Specimens will be tested for compressive strength in accordance with ASTM D 1633, Method A. Two specimens will be tested at 48 hours plus or minus 2 hours and two specimens will be tested at 7 days plus or minus 4 hours.
- F. A strength test will be average of strengths of two specimens molded from same sample of material and tested at same age. Average daily strength will be average of strengths of all specimens molded during one day's production and tested at same age.

- G. Precision and Bias: Test results shall meet recommended guideline for precision in ASTM D 1633 Section 9.
- H. Reporting: Test reports shall contain, as a minimum, the following information:
  - 1. Supplier and plant number
  - 2. Time material was batched
  - 3. Time material was sampled
  - 4. Test age (exact hours)
  - 5. Average 48-hour strength
  - 6. Average 7-day strength
  - 7. Specification section number
  - 8. Indication of compliance / non-compliance
  - 9. Mixture identification
  - 10. Truck and ticket numbers
  - 11. The time of molding
  - 12. Moisture content at time of molding
  - 13. Required strength
  - 14. Test method designations
  - 15. Compressive strength data as required by ASTM D 1633
  - 16. Supplier mixture identification
  - 17. Specimen diameter and height, in.
  - 18. Specimen cross-sectional area, sq. in.

# 3.03 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Strength level of material will be considered satisfactory if:
  - 1. The average 48-hour strength is greater than 100 psi with no individual strength test below 70 psi.
  - 2. All 7-day individual strength tests (average of two specimens) are greater than or equal to 100 psi.
- B. Material will be considered deficient when 7-day individual strength test (average of two specimens) is less than 100 psi but greater than 70 psi. See Paragraph 3.04 Adjustment for Deficient Strength.
- C. The material will be considered unacceptable and subject to removal and replacement at Contractor's expense when individual strength test (average of two specimens) has 7-day strength less than 70 psi.
- D. When moving average of three daily 48-hour averages falls below 100 psi, discontinue shipment to project until plant is capable of producing material, which

exceeds 100 psi at 48 hours. Five 48-hour strength tests shall be made in this determination with no individual strength tests less than 100 psi. Testing laboratory shall notify Contractor, Project Manager, and material supplier by facsimile of tests indicating results falling below specified strength requirements within 24 hours.

- E. If any strength test of laboratory cured specimens falls below the specified strength, Contractor may, at his own expense, request test of cores drilled from the area in question in accordance with ASTM C42. In such cases, three (3) cores shall be taken for each strength test that falls below the values given in 3.03.A.
- F. Cement stabilized sand in an area represented by core tests shall be considered satisfactory if the average of three (3) cores is equal to at least 100 psi and if no single core is less that 70 psi. Additional testing of cores extracted from locations represented by erratic core strength results will be permitted.

## 3.04 ADJUSTMENT FOR DEFICIENT STRENGTH

- A. When mixture produces 7-day compressive strength greater than or equal to 100 psi, then material will be considered satisfactory and bid price will be paid in full.
- B. When mixture produces 7-day compressive strength less than 100 psi and greater than or equal to 70 psi, material shall be accepted contingent on credit in payment. Compute credit by the following formula:

Credit per Cubic Yard =  $$30.00 \times 2 (100 \text{ psi - actual psi})$ 

100

C. When mixture produces 7-day compressive strength less than 70 pounds per square inch, then remove and replace cement-sand mixture and paving and other necessary work at no cost to City.

# END OF SECTION